ALTGELD HAS HIS SAY.

SENDS A 20,000 WORD MESSAGE TO THE ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

Talks Very Much About Corporations, and Like All Popullata, Greatly Fears the Downfall of This Great Republic.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 10 .- Governor Altgeld to-day sent to the legislature his mammeth message. The document coptains nearly 20,000 words. In the beginning the governor devoted much space to a review of the condition of the various state institutions and makes numerous recommendations. Among other things he take up the question of capital punishment, and asks whether the death penalty does any substantial good; 'whether we are any setter off than are those in states where it was long ago abandoned; whether it is not barbarous and degrading in its effects, and whether it would not be better to have a more rational system of managing our prisons, and abolishing capital punishment

entirely." On the question of civil service the governor says there is urgent need of legislation that will relieve executive officers. both state and municipal, of the constant and overwhelming importunity for place. He doubts the wisdom of a system that forever keeps the same men on the pay forever keeps the same men on the pay rolls, for it is not calculated to produce the highest degree of proficiency. A mean should be struck between the retention of incompetents and the distribution of spoils. The governor, speaking of the adminis-tration of justice in large cities, says the condition of business in the courts of Chi-cago almost amounts to a denial of justice. The whole system should be revised and simplified at once.

The whole system should be revised and simplified at once.

The governor also calls attention to the conditions surrounding police and justice courts in Chicago, which he declares a disgrace. The revenue system in this state is declared in its practical workings to be a state of the system. giant of injustice. The governor speaks at length of the manner in which the rich enempe proper taxation and urges legisla-tion especially looking to the proper astion especially looking to the proper as-sessment of corporations.

Coming down to the settlement of labor troubles, the governor says the question of dealing with them is a difficult one. No practical method of enforcing a decree of

compulsory arbitration has been found, but tyre is no difficulty in the way of making If ire is no difficulty in the way of making compulsory investigation in every case, at this alone would be a great preventive s well as corrective. Promptly ascertainig and making public the actual conditions n each case arouses a moral sentiment that often forces a settlement. The governor strongly urges legislation on this sub-

ernor strongly urges legislation on this sub-ject, and also to prevent laborers being brought into the state by squads, as they generally have to displace an equal num-ber, who, being suddenly thrown out, be-come a public charge.

Taking up the question of the great strike, he reviews the many reports which have been made, and says the placing of the United States troops on duty in Chi-cago under the conditions that existed pre-sents a question of the most far-reaching sents a question of the most far-reaching importance. The old doctrine of state rights, says the governor, is in no way involved. Nobody for a moment questions the supremacy of the Union. The great civil war settled that we should not have another the contract of the co war settled that we should not have an-archy. It remains to be settled whether we shall be destroyed by despotism. It the president can, at his pleasure, in the first instance, send troops into any city, town or hamlet in the country, under pre-tense of enforcing some law, his judgment being the sole criterion, there can be no difference whatever in this respect be-tween the powers of the president and those of Emperor William or the czar of Russia. If the acts of the president are to those of Emperor William or the car of Russia. If the acts of the president are to stand unchallenged, and thus form a precedent, then we have undergone a complete change in our form of government, and whatever semblance we may keep up in the future, our career as a republic is over. We will have a rapidly increasing central power, controlled and dominated by class and corporate interests. It is a matter of special regret to many of our patriotic cilizens, says the governor, that this blow at free institutions should have been struck by a president who was placed in power by a party that had made local self-government a cardinal principle for more than a century.

"Government by injunctions" is dealt with severely by the governor, who says

"Government by injunctions" is dealt with severely by the governor, who says the usurpation of power on the part of the federal judiciary has assumed a form where it is destroying the very foundations where it is destroying the very foundations. of republican government. These injunc-tions, he said, are a very great convenience to corporations, when they can be had for the asking by a corporation lawyer, and these were the processes of court to an these were the processes of court to en-force which the president sent federal troops to Chicago. Governor Altgeld speaks of the numerous arrests for "con-tempt of court" made under these injunc-tions, and of the fact that the federal gov-ernment, in spite of having at hand in Chicago the complete machinery of justice, found it necessary to real parts. found it necessary to retain another attorney, and he an employe of one of the railroads involved in the strike, and adds: "Never before were the United States government and the corporations of the country so completely blended and never before was the Goldess of Institute of the country so completely blended and never before was the Goldess of Institute." fore was the tioddess of Justice made a mere handmaid for one of the combatants. It is evident that if the attorney general of the United States did not outline and advise the policy that was pursued, it re-

advise the policy that was pursued, it received his approval and was carried out
through his assistance."

The marked feature of the age, says he,
has been consolidation. As they grow more
powerful these trusts get beyond the control of the government. Prompted by the
instinct of self-preservation the laborers
of the country-are trying to form combinations. Trust magnates are opposed to this
and the federal courts that have been the
special guardians of corporations and combinations seem determined to crush labor special guardians of corporations and combinations seem determined to crush labor
organizations. In recent years the constitution seems to have become an insurmountable barrier to every measure intended for the protection of the public,
wishle its most plainly expressed provisions
for the protection of the liberty and the
personal rights of the citizens are blown
away with a breath. This subserviency on
the part of the federal judiciary when dealing with corporations, followed by usurpation of por—when dealing with men who
have to earn their bread by the sweat of
their brows, is not calculated to produce
respect for the law or its machinery. If
these conditions are to continue the fate
of the American laborer is scaled. He
must be reduced to the lowest conditions
of existence and this must destroy that
very capital which is now pushing him
down, for with the destruction of the purchasing power of the American laborer
will disappear our great American market. binations seem determined to crush labor will disappear our great American market. Further this process must produce discontent, disturbance and hatred and will greatly increase the expense of government and consequently taxes. Russianizing a government is an expensive business and has never yet succeeded—not even in Russia.

Our government is not in the slightest danger from the anarchy of a mob. Our danger comes from that corruption, usurpation, insolence and oppression that go hand in hand with vast concentration of wealth wielded by use representation. wealth wielded by unscrupulous men; and it behaviors every friend of republican in-stitutions to give these things most serious

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness nausea, constipation, pain in the side, guaran teed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Commencing Sunday, January 13, the Union Pacific will place in service a magnificent vestibuled Pullman palace sleeping car, lighted with Pintsch gas and heated by steam, to run through from Kansas City to Los Angeles every day in the year, leaving on the California fast train at 9:30 a.m. This car passes through Denver, Cheyenne, Ogden, Sacramente, arriving in Los Angeles at 8:30 a.m. Splendid scenery; only Pullman palace dining car route to Los Angeles. Offices 1000 Main street, 1028 Union ave., and Union station. Telephones 1109 and 1034.

SCARLET MESSENGERS.

They Must Be Kept Always on the Go of Trouble Will Result.

What has a lumbering freight car in common with a red speck in a man's blood? A great deal. Just as the car carries grain, meat and other things where they are wanted, so the microscopic scar-let corpuscles in the blood carry oxygen where it is needed to make good the un-ending waste of tissue. The economic health of a nation depends largely on its railway system. The weifare of the body requires that the millions of red particles shall be kept always running briskly with their freight of oxygen. What we call a cold closs the blood and

holds it in great quantities where it has no business to be. Hamls and feet are chilly, and other parts of the body are congested. It looks as if a cold should be a simple matter to cure, yet how many people do you see who sneeze and hack and complain all winter?

secone do you see who sneeze and hack and complain all winter?

In advanced stages a cold may not yield even to stern treatment, but in the beginning it is always conquered by Duffy's Pure Mait Whiskey. This is a medicinal stimulant, manufactured with the greatest care from the best possible materials. It equalizes the circulation of the blood, and is a valuable aid to the digestive functions.

No stock of simple, useful remedies in the housekeeper's closet is complete without a bottle of Duffy's Pure Mait. Druggists and grocers keep it in stock. They find that it grows in favor from year to year, and its excellence is such that nothing can supplant it.

INDIANS PLEAD THEIR CAUSE. House Committees Hear Arguments in Regard to the Maddox Judicial

Bill.

Washington, Jan. 10.—(Special.) A joint session of the judiciary and territory committees of the house was held this morning to hear the Indian side of the Maddox judicial bill, conferring jurisdiction on the Federal court of the Indian Territory and divesting the Fort Smith, Ark., and Paris, Tex., courts of their territorial jurisdiction. Delegate Duncan, of the Cherokees, held the floor forty minutes with a defense of his people and pleading for delay. He asserted that the Dawes commission had greatly exaggerated the condition of affairs in his nation and sadly misrepresented matters, not even treating the Cherokees with common courtesy. He said they had come with a sword in one hand and a treaty in the other; their methods were had come with a sword in one hand and a treaty in the other; their methods were those of dictators and buildozers, not diplomats. They had lent a willing ear to every boomer and convicted the Indian governments of many discreditable acts without a fair investigation of facts or a disrostitue to hear the cites without a fair investigation of facts or a disrostitue to hear the cites without the fair investigation of facts or a disrostitue to hear the cites without the fair investigation of facts or a disrostitue to hear the cites without the fair investigation of facts or a disrostitue to hear the cites without the fair investigation of facts or a disrostitue to hear the cites of the cit disposition to hear the other side with pa-

tience.
Duncan, who is a preacher, mixed up n Duncan, who is a preacher, mixed up a good deal of theology in his remarks and pulled the sentimentality string for all it was worth. From his description the Cherokee nation is a Utopia and can give the United States pointers on local self-government. He was followed by a full-blood of his tribe, who spoke through an interpreter and expressed his faith in the hon-

allowed to perpetuate their institutions so long as grass grows and water runs. He was very pale for a full-blood, and can handle the queen's English with some degree of proficiency.

The leading feature of the hearing was the appearance of Judge Parker, of the Fort Smith court, in the role of a champion of Indian autonomy. The judge made a ringing speech in which he declared that the Indians within his court's turisdiction. the Indians within his court's jurisdiction the Indians within his court's jurisdiction are making satisfactory progress in the arts of peace; that they have less crime among them than the average community in any state of the Union; that they are the victims of a wicked horde of boomers and refugees from justice, who malign them and persecute them to the end that they may be exterminated and their pronthem and persecute them to the end that they may be exterminated and their prop-erty confiscated; that they will voluntarily ask to come into the Union if given time to prepare themselves for the inevitable change; that there is no exigency which demands that the change be immediate; that, in short, they should be left alone. Judge Parker remarked that he had no Judge Parker remarked that he had no personal interest in the proposition to de-prive Fort Smith of this jurisdiction; that the proposed change would greatly relieve him of his official burdens; that he was merely standing for truth and justice. Chief Harris, of the Cherokees, was pres-ent, as were many visiting Indians. The

It was said that the first difficulty ex-

that the surplus should be devoted to the use of the navy.

G. A. R. Encampment.
Ottawa, Kas., Jan. 10.—(Special.) A determined effort is being made to secure the G. A. R. reunion of the state of Kansas for 1855 for Ottawa. The advantages urged are not only a central location and unexcelled railroad facilities, but the handsomest and best equipped park in the state. A guarantee fund to meet any contingency will be raised.

FLASHES FROM AFAR.

Cannes, France, Jan. 9.-Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone arrived here to-day. Both are enjoying good health.
West Meath, Ont., Jan. 10.—A heavy shock of carthquake was felt here last night, lasting about thirty seconds.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 8.—The Argentine province of Tucuman, during the past year, produced 70,000,000 kilos of sugar and 10,000,000 litres of alcohol.

10,000,000 litres of alcohol.

London, Jan. 10.—Judge Thomas Hughes, Q. C., the author of "Tom Brown's Schooldays," etc., has joined the Anti-Gambling League and has sent that organization a check to assist in furthering its work.

London, Jan. 10.—General Sir John Summerfield Hawkins, royal engineer, C. M. G., who was commissioned for marking out the boundary between the British and United States territories west of the Rocky mountains, from 1856 to 1863, is dead. He was born in 1856.

Liverpool, Jan. 3.—Fire broke out to-day

Liverpool, Jan. 2.—Fire broke out to-day in No. 4 hold of the Steamship Mariposa, British, Captain Cave, which arrived here on Sunday last from New Orleans with cotton. The hatches of this hold were bat-

cotton. The hatches of this hold were bat-tened down and steam was injected into it. The hold contains 1,500 bales for cotton and 6,000 bushels of wheat. Edinburgh, Jan. 10.—The cold weather now prevailing in Scotland is the most severe experienced for many years, 22 deg, of frost having been registered. Loch Lom-ond is frozen over. In several parts of the country railroad traffic has been stopped by the snow. Some of the drifts are twen-ty feet high. A dense black fog prevails over the Clyde and steamers are unable to over the Clyde and steamers are unable to

over the Clyde and steamers are unable to proceed.

London, Jan. 10.—The weather in England is Intensely cold. There is skating in Regents' park and on all the ponds about London. The Rev. Thomas Podmore, vicar of Ashton-Lee-Willous, was found dead in the snow. On the Continent rivers and lakes are frozen and many deaths are reported in consequence of the snow storms, which seem to have prevailed in many parts.

MARTIN'S EFFORT.

Continued From First Page.

and thirty-three, aforesaid, shall be dis-posed of at public sale, as the legislature of said state may prescribe; but the same may be leased for periods of not more than tve years, under such rules and regulations is the legislature shall prescribe, and shall not be subject to homestead entry or any other entry under the land laws of the nited States, whether surveyed or un-

of purposes only. of said section thirteen, reserved as afore-said, for the support of the University of Oklahoma and the state normal school and Orkishoma and the state normal school and agricultural and mechanical college, shall constitute a permanent fund, to be safely invested and held by said state, the invente thereof to be used exclusively for the equal benefit of said institutions. The schools aforesaid, provided fir in this act, shall thereafter remain under the exclusive control of said state, and no part of the proceeds arising from the sale or disposal of any lands herein granted for educational purposes shall be used for the support of any religious or sectarian school, college or university.

One Judicial District.

Section II. That said state, when admitted, shall constitute one judicial district, under the name of the District of Oklahoma; and the circuit and district courts thereof shall be held at the capital of such state for the time being; and said district shall, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided, be attached to the eighth judicial circuit. There shall be appointed for said district one district judge, one United States attorney and one United States marshal. The judge of said district court shall receive a yearly salary of five court shall receive a yearly salary of five thousand dollars, payable in four equal installments, on the first day of January. April, July and October of each year, and shall reside in the district. There shall be appointed clerks of said courts of said district, who shall keep their offices at the capital of said state. Regular terms of said court shall be held at the place aforesaid on the first Monday in April and the first Monday in November in each year. The circuit and district courts for said district courts for said dis-The circuit and district courts for said dis-trict and the judge thereof, respectively, shall possess the same powers and juris-diction and perform the same duties re-quired to be performed by the other circuit and district courts and judge of the United States, and shall be governed by the same States, and shall be governed by the same laws and regulations. The marshal, dis-trict attorney and the clerk of the circuit and district courts of said district, and all other officers and persons performing du-ties in the administration of justice therein, shall severally possess the powers and perform the duties lawfully possessed and required to be performed by the similar officers in other districts of the United States; and shall, for the service they may perform, receive the fees and compensaficers and persons performing similar du-ties in the state of Nebraska.

Appeals and Writs of Error. Section 14. That all cases of appeals or writs of error heretofore prosecuted and write of error heretolore prosecuted and now pending in the supreme court of the United States or the circuit court of ap-peals for the eighth circuit, and upon any record of the supreme court of said terri-tory or the United States court for the Indian Territory, or that may hereafter lawfully be prosecuted upon any record from either of said courts, may be heard and determined by said supreme court of the United States and the said circuit court of appeals. And the mandate of execution or other proceedings shall be directed by or other proceedings shall be directed by the supreme court of the United States, or said circuit court of appeals, to the circuit or district court hereby established within the said state succeeding the territory from which such record is or may be pend-

ing, or to the supreme court of said state or other state court therein established, as the nature of the case may require. the nature of the case may require.

Circuit and District Courts.

Section 15. That the said circuit and district courts and the state courts herein named shall, respectively, he successors of the courts of said territory and of the United States court for the Indian Territory and of the United States court or the Eastern district of Texas as to all such cases arising within the limits of the territory described in the first section of this act, with full power to proceed with the same and award mean or final process

Chief Harris, of the Cherokoes, was present, as were many visiting Indians. The Dawes commission was not represented. It is likely that another hearing will be given soon.

IRELAND, THE SURPLUS.

These Two Questions Cause Dissensions Among the British Cabinate and Among the British Cabinate at noon with all the ministers present.

It was said that the first difficulty explained and the first difficulty explained and the properties of the successors of the successors of the supreme court of said territory, mentioned in this act, in any case arising within the limits of said state prior to admission.

Section 16. That in respect to all cases, proceedings and matters now pending in the supreme or district courts of said territory at the time of admission into the Union of said state, and arising within the limits of such the fact that a joint was open in the pipe of a district court by this act established might have had jurisdiction under the laws of the United States had such courts existed at the time of commencement of such ministers present.

It was said that the first difficulty explained by the cases, the said crewit and district courts.

These Two Questions Cause Dissensions Among the British Cabinate Among the British Cab It was said that the first difficulty existing was that regarding Ireland. Sir William Harcourt, chanceller of the exchequer, and Mr. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, are understood to have been of the opinion that the Irish must be satisfied at all costs during the coming session of parliament. With this view, it is added, Premier Rosebery and Home Secretary Asquith and other members of the cabinet do not agree. It is said that the misunderstanding as to the disposition of the surplus for 1855 is much more serious than was at first believed, the main point at issue being the claim raised by some of the cabinet ministers and others that the surplus should be devoted to proceeded with therein in due course of paid supreme and district courts of said territory, at the time of the admission of such state into the United States court for the said territory at the United States court by such state shall, respectively, be court for the said territory and the United States court for the said supreme and district courts of said territory, at the time of the admission of such state into the United States court for the said territory, at the time of the admission of such state into the United States court for the said territory, at the United States court for the said territory, at the time of the admission of such state into the United States court for the said supreme and district courts of said supreme and district courts of said supreme or district courts of said territory, at the time of the admission of such state into the United States court for the said territory, at the time of the admission of such state into the United States court for the said territory, and in respectively, be represented in supreme or district courts of said supreme and district courts of said supreme and district courts of said supreme or district courts of s ferred to such circuit, district and state courts, respectively, and the same shall be proceeded with therein in due course of law; but no writ, action, indictment, cause or proceeding now pending, or that prior to the admission of said state shall be pending in any territorial court in said territory or the United States court for the said territory shall abate by the admission of any such state into the Union, but the same shall be transferred and proceeded with in the proper United States circuit, district or state court, as the case may be: Provided, however, That in all civil actions, causes and proceedings in which the United States is not a party, transfershall not be made to the circuit and district courts of the United States except upon written request of one of the parties to such action or proceeding filed in the proper court; and in the absence of such request such cases shall be proceeded with in the proper state courts.

State Officers.

proper court; and in the absence of such request such cases shall be proceeded with in the proper state courts.

State Officers.

Section 17. That the constitutional convention may, by ordinance, provide for the election of officers for full state government, including members of the legislature and two representatives in the Fifty-fourth congress; but said state government shall remain in abeyance until the state shall be admitted into the Union, as provided in this act. In case the constitution of said proposed state shall be ratified by the people, but not otherwise, the legislature thereof may assemble, organize, and elect two senators of the United States in the manner now prescribed by the laws of the United States, and the governor and secretary of state of said proposed state shall certify the election of the senators and representatives in the manner required by law, and when such state is admitted too the Union the Union the Senators and representatives shall be entitled to be admitted to scats in congress and to all the rights and privileges of senators and representatives of other states in the congress of the United States; and the officers of the state government formed in pursuance of said constitution, as provided by said constitutional convention, shall proceed to exercise all the functions of such state officers; and all laws in force made by said territory at the time of its admission into the Union shall be in force in said state, except as modified or changed by this act or by the constitution of the state and the laws of the United States, and not locally inapplicable, shall have the same force and effect within said state as elsewhere within the United States.

Section 18. That all acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act, whether passed by the legislature of said territory or by congress, are hereby repeated.

Don't wait until you are sick before trying Carter's Little Liver Pills, but get a vial at once

BRIEF ITEMS BY WIRE.

New York, Jan. 10.—D. W. Hayes, treas-ster of the Stock exchange, is head. He sutered the exchange in January, 1850. witered the exchange in January, 1850,
Macon, Ga., Jan. 10.—United States Marshal Frank Loverett, of the Southern discrict of Georgia, died here this morning.
Bradford, Pa., Jan. 10.—As a result of catting poisoned cheese twenty seven been pie of East Bradford are sick this morning.
The physicians of the city are in attendative. Some of the patients are in a very serious condition.

Omaha, Jan. 10.—The residence of excouncilman Charles A. Thieman was destroyed by fire this morning and Mrs. Thieman jumped from a window and saved himself, but sustained a broken leg and was otherwise injured.

wise interest. Pierre, S. D., Jan. 10.-Deputy Treasure

Burrington to-day received from New York a letter written by the missing state treasurer. Taylor, dated January 5, enclosing certificates of deposit in different state banks to the amount of 8,000. There was no explanation.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 10—The Hon. Edward I. Phone or property of Phone Research of Phone Res

Now Haven, Conn., Jan. 10—The Hon. Edward J. Phelps, ex-minister to England, has returned to this city to resume his course of lectures before the Yale law students. Beginning to-day he will deliver a course on "Equity" and on "International Law" before the close of the present col-

Law" before the close of the present col-lege year.
Toledo, O., Jan. 10.—Three oil men were instantly killed on the Prisser farm three miles west of Wapakoneta to-day. Frank Logan, John Pettigrew and W. J. McNai-ly endeavored to thaw 100 quarts of frozen nitro-glycerine with bot water, when it ex-ploded, tearing them all into fragments, to-gether with a team of horses.

Denver, Jan. 18.—'Bring my sweetheart,'
were the last words of August Samuelson,
formerly chef at the Brown Palace hotel,
who committed suichle at Hotel Logan today by cutting his throat. He had been
jilted by a woman for whom he had deserted his wife and children. Before committing suicide he drand his and his

serted his wife and children. Refore committing suicide he draped his and his aweetheart's pictures in black.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 10.—Dispatches from all points on the Tennessee Midland road show a heavy snowfall, which still continues, Business is practically suspended at the towns on the line in Tennessee and Kentucky, and it is feared that live stock will suffer greatly. No snow has fallen in Memphis, though a fall is expected throughout the country to the south and east. and east.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 10,-A joint resolu-Lansing, Mich., Jan. 10.—A joint resolu-tion has been introduced in the Michigan senate appropriating \$10,000 for placing a statue of Michigan's great war governor, the late Austin Blair, in Representative gallery at the national capitol; also a bill for taxing all church property, similar to that introduced two years ago aimed at the Roman church, and which was killed in the house after a hard battle.

the house after a hard battle.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 19.—In the senatorial contest the friends of Senator Washburn to-day place his strength at 65 votes pledged, 72 being a majority in caucus. They claim a nomination on the first ballot in the caucus and concede only 25 votes to Governor Nelson. On the other hand the Nelson men are very confident and will admit the accuracy of neither claims nor concessions of the Washburn men. They insist that the governor will win, or at least control the nomination.

win, or at least control the nomination.

Marquette, Mich., Jan. 16.—When Registor Peter Premeau opened the government land office at 2 a. m. to-day a long file of prospective homesteaders blockaded the corridors and extended outside the building. The first man presenting his application had remained in front of the building since Monday noon, experiencing some very severe weather. Many had been in line forty-eight hours. A portion of the fortested radiroad land grant in Ontomagon county, containing 8,336 acres, was opened win, or at least control the nomination. county, containing 8,386 acres, was opened for settlement to-day. Chicago, Jan. 10.—Over 100 girls were

Chicago. Jan. 10.—Over 100 girls were driven from their beds at 6 a. m. to-day by fire, which damaged the upper story of the Chicago industrial school for girls, at Prairie avenue and Forty-ninth street. None of the girls was injured, but several are likely to die from the exposure. Measles had been epidemic in the school and about twenty-live of the pupils were ill. They, with the others were compelled to rush to the street in seant attire and the consequent exposure is deemed extremely dangerous by their physicians.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 10.—At 610 Emerson avenue North, the dead bodies of Mr. and Mrs. 0. W. Rollings were found this morning. They had not been seen since

"DENVER SPECIAL" leaves Kansas
City daily 10:50 a m., solid train; arrives
Denver 7:50 a m., solid train; solid train
Coast from Kansas City, leaves at 10:50
a m. daily.
This is de gives patrons an opportunity
to visit Hot Springs, South Dakota, Black
Hills and Yellowstone Park and it is the
short line between Kansas City and Helena by 35 miles, Buttle 315 miles, Spoking
Gi miles, Seattle 140 miles and Tacoma
145 miles.
This is the most marvelous scenic route
and perhaps the most interesting across
the continent.
Round trip tickets to all Pacific Coast
points via this line.
For full information address H. C. Orr,
Burlington Route, Kansas City, Mo.

Want Ingalls for Senator,

Want Ingalls for Senator.

Want Ingalls for Senator.

Independence, Kas., Jan. 10.— (Special.)
The majority of the citizens of this place are evidently in favor of John J. Ingalls for United States senator. A petition asking Senator D. McTagrart and Hon. F. M. Benefiel, representative from Montgomery county, to cast their votes for Ingalls in the senatorial contest was being circulated on the streats vesterias. on the streets yesterday. Many signed the

FOR SALE-9-room modern brick in Dundee place, on Forest avenue; corner lot, fox150 ft; cast front; price, \$7,000; a very desirable location and a great bargain, SLOAN & TRUITT, 12 East 9th st.

ELECTRICAL SPECIALTIES.

ELECTRIC Telephones, Door Bells, Bur-glar Alarms. J. W. Mason, 527 Delaware.

MORRISON-At Kansas City, Mo., January 9, 1895, Mrs. Marrietta Morrison, aged 55, formerly of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. CASSIDAY—Thomas Cassiday, January 19, at his residence, 2702 Holly street. Funeral Sunday morning, January 13. Burial in Mount St. Mary's cemetery.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the two certain negotiable promissory notes and interest thereon described in the deed of trust made by Richard H. Weller and Lettle Weller, his wife, dated February St., last, died for record in the office of the recorder of deeds in and for Jackson county, Missouri, at Kansas 'tty, Missouri, February 9th, 1887, and recorded in book B No. 267, at page 181, I will, in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, at the request of the legal owner and holder of said notes, proceed to sell the real estate in said deed of trust described, situate in the tomity of Jackson, in the State of Missouri, vis. All of the south half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four CB, in township forty-nine (89, in range thirty-three (35, in Jackson county except that portion thereof taken and conveyed for failway tracks and purposes, the land in said deed of trust described being seventy-live and one thalf (70th) acres—at public vendue, to the highest blidder, at the court house door, in the City of Kansas thow Kansas City, Missour), being the south front door of the Jackson county court house door, in the City of Kansas thow Kansas City, in the county of Jackson, state aforessaid for cash, on Thessialy, February 12th, 1855, between the hours of nine octock in the forenoon and live octock in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy and pay said notes and interest and the cost of executing this trust.

CANADIAN EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 1844 E. 12th. cor. Walnut. Tel. 1179. The best place in K. C. Me., to find help or situations, mate or female: 14 years experience. Correspondence solicited, Ref. Omaha Nat. bank, Omaha; Citizens' bank, K. C.

WANTED-AGENTS.

WANTIID Salesmen for line ciders and cigars; salary \$160 per month and expenses paid. Address California Cider Co., Chica-go, III.

WANTED-Bottled electricity for catarrh and pain; want agents. Maynard & Co., Cincinnati, O.

TO REST-HOUSES. TO RENT-A nice three room dwelling, only four blocks from Minnesota and within one block of two street car lines. Call at the Journal branch office, in the Chamber of Commerce bldg.

TO RENT-The very pretty 6 room cottage, No. 3495 Roberts st.; rent, \$11 per month, Apply to L. Moise, at the Journal office. Telephone No. 250.

TO RENT-ROOMS.

TO RENT-One elegant office room and one suite in the Journal bing. Rent rea-sonable. Apply to the Journal Co.

MONEY TO LOAN.

LOCAL MONEY to loan at reasonable rates in sums to suit. No delay, Can make a few small loans in Wyandotte co., Kiss, if security is first-class. Ed-wards Realty, Loan and Collection Co., 428 Nelson bidg.

MONEY TO LOAN-City improved loans 5 AND 6 PER CENT money on business, residence and farm property unusually fa-vorable terms. Apply to Homer Roed or Theo Nash 1696 Broadway, op.Coates house.

LOANS made on good improved city property, business or residence, at reason-able rates. Money on hand. E. E. Holmes & Co., 507 New England bldg.

TRANSFER COMPANIES.

CHAS. K. TOWT, JOHN H. TOWT, President, Vice President. MIDLAND TRANSFER CO.—Freight and baggage transferred to and from all depots. Furniture moved and packed by experts. 407 and 400 Wyandotte st., Kansas City, Mo. Tel. 1517.

MEXICO. I HAVE unusual facilities for furnishing reliable information about lands, laws, taxes, patents, mines and general affairs for Mexico, Central America and West In-dies. Correspondence solicited, Tel. 2821 day, or 2232 evenings for engazyments. Edward H. Young, Exchange building.

LOST-A large red pocketbook containing papers of no value to anyone but myself, reward for return. L. B. Johns, 1312 and 1314 West 11th st.

WANTED-REAL ESTATE.

WANTED—We want two tracts of from the 36 acres each within 15 miles of Kan-is City. Edwards Really, Loan and Col-etion Co., 426 Nelson bidg.

FOR SALE-Hundsome pair of diamon-parrings; weigh about 7% carats; cost \$100 will sell for amount of loan. U.S. Mort age Loan Co. 400 Hall building.

MRS. I. JAMES, the well know clair-oyant and transa medium, may be con-ulted at 1209 Grand ave.; parlors 29 and 49.

SAFES opened and repaired, bought and sold. Combination locks cleaned and changed. B. HARRIGAN, Expert, Telephone 1284. 109 East Tenth st.

TO RENT-Elegant offices in the Journal bidg, at reasonable rates. Apply to the Journal Co.

IF YOU wan good, old-fashion butter, milk or cream, go to McClintock's restau-rant, \$20 Walnut street.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

HORSES wintered 5 per month, sent for and returned, MARK S SALISHURY Independence, Mo. REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NORMAN & ROBERTSON proprietors of abstracts and examiners of land titles, No. 16 East Sixth street, furnish daily the transfers of real estate filed in the recorder's office at Kansas City, Mo. Notice—All transfers appearing in our daily reports contain covenants of general warranty unless otherwise stated.

January 10.

Notice—All transfers appearing in our daily reports contain covenants of general warranty unless otherwise stated.

January 19.

Adolph Troschke and wife to Sophia Horstman; part of lot 2, block 7.
Rice's addition.

Sam H. Rales to E. A. Singleton; lot 20, block 1, East Side place.

A. Schweikhaus to Anna M. Thalis; part of lot 8, block 6, Monford & Fancher's addition.

E. M. Bakiridge and husband to E. mer Sloan; lot 20, block 2, Wornall's addition.

Samuel Jewett and wife to B. 1, Jowett lots 1, block 15, Holyrood.

Samuel Jewett and wife to B. 1, Jewett lots 17 and 18, block 15, Holyrood.

Samuel Jewett and wife to Peter Length; part of lot 15, block 14, Winter & Contain subdivision.

E. O. Bartholomew and wife to A. W. Wright lot 7, block 2, Forset place.

TRI STEETS DEED.

H. S. Quin and wife to New England Local and 2, block 2, Worlden Local and Trust Company lots 21 and 22, block 5, Whitehead place.

QUITCLAIM DEEDS.

J. W. German and Wife to C. R. Hicks; part of lot 2, Walde place.

Amanda Boyle to Kansas Chy, Si Louis & Chicago railway; part of lot 216, block 22, Cold Town.

Sandard Investment Company to A. Z. Mason; lots 5, 7 and 11, block 14, Guinotte's addition.

E. NECUTOR'S DEED.

Joseph C. Pont to Marcus C. Ford; part of lot 29, block 9, McDaniel's addition.

This charge is for classifications except "Personals" and Clairvormans, which are is cents per line, bix words which are is cents per line, bix words and columns, ib cents per line, bix which are is cents per line, bix words and columns, ib cents per line, bix words with a column of the columns of Jackson county and columns, ib cents per line, bix and columns, ib cents per line, will again measure. As cuts taken.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

TED—immediately: three per work words and columns with the columns of Jackson county and the per work with and beather work; steady of the columns of Jackson county and the per work of Jackson county and the work of Jackson county and the per work o

sind the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

C. E. MOSS, Trustee.

Buckner, Bird & Lake, Atturneys.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEES SALE.—
Whereas, Pairick O'Toole, granlor, by his certain deed of trust dated the 22d day of August, A. D. 1887, filed for record on the 20th day of August, A. D. 1887, and recorded in book B. No. 242 at page 293, in the office of the recorder of deeds of Jackson county, Missouri, at Kansas, City, conveyed to me. Walter A. Bunker, trustee, the following described lands and tenements, situate in Jackson county, Missouri, narries, All of lots numbered thirty-nine (20) and furty (40), in block ten (10), Bunker fill, as finished and designated on plat filed in the office aforesaid, in trust to secure the note in suid deed described; and, whereas, default has been made in performance of the conditions of said deed, and the same have been broken by reason of non-payment of said note; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, as requested by the legal nobler of said note, I, said Walter A. Hunker, trustee, will proceed to sell, and will sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said lands and tenements, on the 21st day of January, A. D. 1995, between the hours of nine o'clock a m. and five o'clock p. m. at the west front door of the United States custom house, in Kansas City, in said Jackson county, Missouri, to pay said indebtedness and expenses of saids.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEES SALE—Whereas, Hyron D. Morris, grantor, by his certain deed of trust dated the latte day of April, A. D. 1895, between the hours of nine o'clock a m. and five o'clock B. m. at the west front door of the United States custom house, in Kansas City, in said Jackson county, Missouri, at Kansas City, conveyed to me, Walter A. Bunker, trustee, Cook & Gosself, Atty's.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEES SALE—Whereas, Hyron D. Morris, grantor, by his certain deed of trust dated the latte day of April, A. D. 1897, and recorded in book B. No. 208 at page 209, in the office of the visorder of deeds of Jackson county, Missouri

triustee, the following described lamis a tenements situate in Jackson courty. Meanin, namely: Lots numbered forty-following and forty-six (6), in block 2m bered three (5), Hanker hill, as the so are marked and designated on plat B in the office aforesaid, in trust to see the note in said deed described; as whereas, default has been made in p formance of the conditions of said dead the same have been broken by rean of non-payment of said note, no therefore, notice is hereby given that, requested by the legal holder of said not therefore, notice is hereby given that, requested by the legal holder of said not in the same have been broken by rean of non-payment of said note, not be refore, notice is hereby given that, requested by the legal holder of said not the the highest bidder, for cash, the stands and tenements, on the 21st day danuary. A. D. 186, between the hold of nine a clock a. m. and five o'clock in, at the west front door of the Unit States custom house, in Kansas City, said Jackson county, Missouri, to p said indebtedness and expenses of sa WALTER A. HUNKER, Trustee Cook & Gossett, Atty's.

NOTICE OF THUSTEE'S SAID

Cook & Gossett, Atty's.

NOTICE OF TRUSTEES SALE.
Whereas, Mary V. Sleele and Chacles
Steele, her husband, granters, by their
certain deed of trust dated the tourth day
of May, A. D. 1887, that for record on the
18th day of May, A. B. 1887, and recorded
in book B No. 28s. at page 37s, in the oflies of the recorder of deeds of Juckson
ounty, Missouri, at Kanesa Ciry, conceyed to ine, Walter A. Britker, rustee,
the following described lands and truenents situate in Juckson county, Misauri, namely all of lots numbered nine (9)
nil ten (lo), in block numbered two (2), himcer Hill, as the same are marked and desirsted on plat alsed in the office afforced in
trust to secure the not in such decl
scribed; and, whereas, default has been
age in performance of the conditions of
id deed, and the same have been troken
reason of non-pay ment of said note, now
erefore, notice is bereby given that, as
jucked by the legal holder of said note.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The annual Neesting of the sechnolders of the Merschants National bank of Kansas City. Missouri, will be held in its offices in the New York Life balliding Kansas City. Mo. on Saturday the had day of February, issue seween the hours of 9 am and 3 pm. for the election of directors and transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

W. R. CLARKE, President.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Sockholders of the Rangas City and Southern Lumber Co. will be held in room 2t. Keith & Perry building, southwest cerner of 9th and Walnut streets, Kansas City, Mc., on Monday, Jamary 1th, 185, at it o'clock is in. for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the custing year and consider any other business of interest to the company, the ULIVER, SR., President, EDGAR W. CULVER, Secretary.

UNION DEPOT TIME GARD

Isthebest to CHICAGO, OMAHA, ST. LOUIS, BUILINGTON DENVER, ST. PAUL

ROUTE CARE From MINNEAPOLIS.
Cheir Care From Minne Care.
Ticket offices, 821 Main St. and lot Union Ave.
Instructions—All trains daily unless marked:
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serve.

HANNIBAL & ST. JO R R - Burlington Route
Leave Arrive.

K. C. & Brookineld ex. x4 (00 pm x10:80 a m
Arlantic express. 5:00 a m 8:25 pm
Chicago fast train Eil. 5:00 pm 8:250 a m
St. Louis express. 8:15 pm 8:10 a m
H. & M. H. I. N. N. EBRASKA - Burlington Reute
Louis Billings & Puget
Sound

10:20 a m 7-30 a m
Sound

coin, Billings & Puget
Sound
S

Omana express 7.50 am 5.50 am 100 am

GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT. 2nd and Wyandotts Cinton & Osocolae S. 600 pm 10:25 am KANSAS CITY PITTSBURG & GULF RY. Pittsvg Applin Nessho. 1190 am 1:15 pm Accommodation \$2000 am 8:20 pm Accommodation \$100 pm \$500 am

Pittsbig, Jordin, Neosho. 11:00 a.m. 3:35 p.m. Accommodation. 9:00 a.m. 8:30 p.m. x8:30 GHAND AVENUE DEPOT. 22nd St

LEGAL NOTICES.

TRUSTEES SALE—Whereas, A. H. Coyle and Mary A. Coyle, his wife, by their deed of fruit, dated the first day of March, A. D. 1890, high for record the 7th day of March, 1890, and recorded in the office of recorder of deeds for Jackson county, Missouri in book is No. 382, page 389, conveyed to the undersigned frustse certain real estate lying and being situate in the county of Jackson, in the State of Missouri, and described as follows, ro-wit. All of lot

in tract in percentage of the militors of said deed, and the same hays been broken and the same hays been broken and the same hays been broken and the same hay been broken as follows, lo-will. All of the said deed, and the same hay been broken as follows, lo-will. All of the said deed, and the same hay been that, and the same hay been that, and the same hay been that, and the same hay been that had been been as the same are marked and designated and for said only the said melestance and the same hay been the fours of the said melestance and the same hay been said to said melestance and the said to the said melestance and the said melestance and the said to the said melestance and the said mele

Kansas City, Mo., January 3, 1895.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTpership. The partnership herotofore existing between the undersigned, under the
name of J. A. Bachman & Co., whose busiperships has been carried on at No. 541 Delaware at Kansas City, Mo., has been this
hay dissolved by mutual consent. Each of
the undersigned is authorized to receive
and receipt for the debts the the firm.
The business beretotore carried on by the
firm will be continued by J. A. Bachman
at the same place. J. A. Bachman
at the same place. J. D. NEAD.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan'y 1, 1886.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York and London Electric Association, for the purpose of electing three directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may leadly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the association, IIII Walnut St. Kansas City, Mo., Monday, January 18th, 1836, 10 octobe a. in. WM. H. EHLERS, Vice President, J. O'BRIAN, Secretary.